(SEM II) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 70

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.

 $2 \times 7 = 14$

- a. What is Schottky defect? Give examples.
- b. What are Bio-degradable polymers? Discuss their importance.
- c. Which stereo specific isomer of polypropylene can be prepared by Ziegler-Natta catalyst?
- d. What is salt bridge? Mention its function in an electrochemical cell.
- e. Why hardness is expressed in terms of CaCO₃ equivalents?
- f. Calculate the no. of P, C and F in the following systemsi.NH₄Cl(S) \rightleftharpoons NH₃ (g) + HCl (g) (open system) ii.NH₄Cl(S) \rightleftharpoons NH₃ (g) + HCl (g) (closed system)
- g. Why TMS is taken as a standard reference in NMR Spectroscopy.

SECTION B

2. Attempt any three of the following:

 $7 \times 3 = 21$

- a. What do you understand by Mesomorphic state? Classify them on the basis of temperature and mention three important applications of it.
- b. What are the limitations of raw rubber? Explain the process of vulcanization of rubber and mention the improvement in vulcanized rubber over raw rubber.
- c. Discuss the electrochemical theory of corrosion. How corrosion is prevented by sacrificial anodic protection and impressed current cathodic protection.
- d. Outline the salient features of the phase diagram of water system highlighting the name of system (areas, curves and points), phase in equilibrium and degree of freedom in each case.
- e. Differentiate between Gross and Net calorific value of a fuel. A sample of coal contain C=80%, H=8% and ash=3%. The following data were obtained when the above coal was tested in bomb calorimeter:

Weight of coal burnt= 0.85 g

Weight of water taken= 650 g

Water equivalent of bomb and calorimeter= 2500 g

Rise in temperature= 2.5°C

Fuse wire correction = 10 cal

Acid correction= 50.0 cal

Cooling correction= 0.03 °C

Calculate gross and net calorific values of the coal.

SECTION C

3. Attempt any one part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- (a) Draw the Molecular Orbital diagram of NO and O₂. Calculate its bond order and predict the magnetic behavior.
- (b) Explain the preparation, properties and applications of an allotrope of Carbon having truncated icosahedron geometry.

4. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- (a) What are conducting polymers? Give the classification and mention their important applications.
- (b) What are organomettalic compounds? Give the classification and applications of organomettalics.

5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- (a) Describe the electrochemical theory of corrosion on the basis of Hydrogen evolution and oxygen absorption mechanism.
- (b) What is Portland cement? Give the chemical reactions involved during setting and hardening of cement.

6. Attempt any one part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- (a) Discuss the phase diagram of water system highlighting the name of system (areas, curves and points), phase in equilibrium and degree of freedom in each case.
- (b) Calculate the amount of lime of lime and soda required for 1,00,000 liters of hard water with following analysis using 139 ppm of FeSO_{4.7}H₂O as coagulant. The result of the analysis of raw water and softened water are as follows:

Raw water: Ca $^{2+}$ = 160 ppm, Mg $^{2+}$ = 288 ppm, HCO₃ =1464 ppm ,Dissolved CO₂=20 ppm

Treated water: CO₃²-=60ppm, OH=34 ppm

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- (a) A compound having the molecular formula $G_2H_{14}O_4$ gave the following ¹H-NMR data- 2.6 ι (4H singlet), 5.6 ι (4H, quartet), 8.5 ι (6H, Triplet). Identify the compound based on Coper explanation.
- (b) How percentage of nitrogen can be estimated in coal? 1.56 gm of coal was kjeldahlised and the NH₃ gas evolved was absorbed in 50.0 ml 0f 0.1 N H ₂SO₄. After absorption, the excess (residual) acid required 6.25 ml of 0.1 N NaOH for exact neutralization. Calculate the percentage of nitrogen in coal.